Filed Pursuant to Rule 424(b)(3) Registration No. 333-240278

Prospectus Supplement No. 1 (to prospectus dated April 11, 2022)



DIGITAL MEDIA SOLUTIONS, INC.

72,291,202 Shares of Class A Common Stock

4,000,000 Warrants to Purchase Class A Common Stock

This prospectus supplement relates to the prospectus dated April 11, 2022, as supplemented thereafter (the "Prospectus"), related to (i) the issuance by Digital Media Solutions, Inc., a Delaware corporation ("DMS"), of up to 13,999,078 shares of its Class A common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share ("Class A Common Stock"), upon exercise of warrants to purchase Class A Common Stock at an exercise price of \$11.50 per share ("DMS Warrants") and (ii) the offer and sale, from time to time, by the selling holders identified in the Prospectus, or their permitted transferees, of (A) up to 58,292,124 shares of Class A Common Stock and (B) up to 4,000,000 DMS Warrants.

This prospectus supplement is being filed to update and supplement the information contained in the Prospectus with the information contained in DMS's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 10, 2022, which is attached to this prospectus supplement.

This prospectus supplement updates and supplements the information in the Prospectus and is not complete without, and may not be delivered or utilized except in combination with, the Prospectus, including any amendments or supplements thereto. This prospectus supplement should be read in conjunction with the Prospectus and if there is any inconsistency between the information in the Prospectus and this prospectus supplement, you should rely on the information in this prospectus supplement.

The Class A Common Stock and DMS Warrants are traded on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbols "DMS" and "DMS WS," respectively.

Investing in our securities involves risks. See "Risk Factors" beginning on page 4 of the Prospectus and in any applicable prospectus supplement.	
Neither the SEC nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or passed upon the adequacy or accuracy of the	he
Prospectus or this prospectus supplement. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.	

The date of this prospectus supplement is May 10, 2022.

(Mark One)

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

	For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2022 OR	
☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUAN	Γ TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIE	S EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
I	For the transition period from to	
	Digital Media Solutions®	
	Digital Media Solutions, Inc. (Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)	
Delaware	001-38393	98-1399727
(State of incorporation)	(Commission File Number)	(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (877) 236-8632

(Former Name or Former Address, if Changed Since Last Report)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Class A common stock, \$0.0001 par value per share	DMS	New York Stock Exchange
Redeemable warrants to acquire Class A common stock	DMS WS	New York Stock Exchange

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes \boxtimes No \square

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes \boxtimes No \square

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the

definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company,	" and "em	erging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.
Large accelerated filer		Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer Emerging growth company

4800 140th Avenue N., Suite 101, Clearwater, Florida

(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

X X Smaller reporting company

33762

(Zip Code)

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f an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use t	the extended transition period for complying with any new or re	vised financial accounting
tandards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.		

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes \square No \boxtimes

As of May 6,2022,36,403,202 shares of the registrant's Class A common stock; 25,699,464 of the registrant's Class B common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share; and 13,999,078 warrants to purchase shares of the registrant's Class A common stock, par value \$0.0001 per share, were issued and outstanding.

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Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

References in this document to the "Registrant," "DMS Inc.," "DMS," the "Company," "we," "management," "us" or "our" refers to Digital Media Solutions, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries, except where the context otherwise requires or indicates.

This Quarterly Report, particularly Part I. Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations ("MD&A") and Part II. Item 1A. Risk Factors, and the documents we incorporate into this Ouarterly Report contain certain statements that are, or may be deemed to be, forward-looking statements within the meaning of that term in Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), and are made in reliance upon the protections provided by such acts for forward-looking statements. These forward looking statements are often identified by words such as "expect," "estimate," "project," "budget," "forecast," "anticipate," "intend," "plan," "may," "will," "could," "should," "believes," "predicts," "potential," "continue," and similar expressions. These forward-looking statements include, without limitation, DMS's expectations with respect to its future performance and its ability to implement its strategy, and are based on the beliefs and expectations of our management team from the information available at the time such statements are made. These forward-looking statements involve significant risks and uncertainties that could cause the actual results to differ materially from the expected results. Most of these factors are outside DMS's control and are difficult to predict. Factors that may cause such differences include, but are not limited to: (1) the COVID-19 pandemic or other public health crises; (2) changes in client demand for our services and our ability to adapt to such changes; (3) the entry of new competitors in the market; (4) the ability to maintain and attract consumers and advertisers in the face of changing economic or competitive conditions; (5) the ability to maintain, grow and protect the data DMS obtains from consumers and advertisers; (6) the performance of DMS's technology infrastructure; (7) the ability to protect DMS's intellectual property rights; (8) the ability to successfully source and complete acquisitions and to integrate the operations of companies DMS acquires, including the Crisp Results assets and Aimtell, PushPros and Aramis Interactive; (9) the ability to improve and maintain adequate internal controls over financial and management systems, and remediate the identified material weakness; (10) changes in applicable laws or regulations and the ability to maintain compliance; (11) our substantial levels of indebtedness; (12) volatility in the trading price on the NYSE of our common stock and warrants; (13) fluctuations in value of our private placement warrants; and (14) other risks and uncertainties indicated from time to time in DMS's filings with the

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U.S. Security and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), including those under "Risk Factors" in DMS's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2021, filed on March 16, 2022 ("2021 Form 10-K") and its subsequent filings with the SEC.

There may be additional risks that we consider immaterial or which are unknown, and it is not possible to predict or identify all such risks.

DMS cautions that the foregoing list of factors is not exclusive. DMS cautions readers not to place undue reliance upon any forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date made. DMS does not undertake or accept any obligation or undertaking to release publicly any updates or revisions to any forward-looking statements to reflect any change in its expectations or any change in events, conditions or circumstances on which any such statement is based.

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statement

DIGITAL MEDIA SOLUTIONS, INC. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Unaudited)
(in thousands, except per share data)

(in thousands, except per share data)		
	March 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 21,703	\$ 26,394
Accounts receivable, net of allowances of \$5,459 and \$4,930, respectively	58,470	51,578
Prepaid and other current assets	2,575	3,698
Income tax receivable	1,537	2,078
Total current assets	84,285	83,748
Property and equipment, net	18,571	19,168
Goodwill	76,503	76,558
Intangible assets, net	61,288	66,228
Deferred tax assets	_	_
Other assets	822	889
Total assets	\$ 241,469	\$ 246,591
LIABILITIES AND DEFICIT		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 39,765	\$ 42,073
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	10,335	9,473
Current portion of long-term debt	2,250	2,250
Income taxes payable	294	103
Tax Receivable Agreement liability	1,310	1,310
Contingent consideration payable - current	10,000	7,370
Deferred acquisitions consideration payable - current	4,857	4,785
Total current liabilities	68,811	67,364
Long-term debt	215,283	215,505
Deferred tax liabilities	4,394	4,786
Private Placement Warrant liabilities	2,120	3,960
Contingent consideration payable - non-current	1,030	1,069
Other non-current liabilities	1,637	1,725
Total liabilities	293,275	294,409
Stockholders' deficit:	ĺ	Í
Preferred stock, \$0.0001 par value, 100,000 shares authorized; none issued and outstanding at March 31, 2022	_	_
Class A Common Stock, \$0.0001 par value, 500,000 shares authorized; 36,394 issued and outstanding at March 31, 2022	3	3
Class B convertible common stock, \$0.0001 par value, 60,000 shares authorized; 25,699 issued and 25,699 outstanding at March 31, 2022	3	3
Class C convertible common stock, \$0.0001 par value, 40,000 authorized; none issued and outstanding at March 31, 2022	_	_
Additional paid-in capital	(23,754)	(25,239)
Retained earnings	(4,078)	(944)
Total stockholders' deficit	(27,826)	(26,177)
Non-controlling interest	(23,980)	(21,641)
Total deficit	(51,806)	(47,818)
Total liabilities and deficit	\$ 241,469	\$ 246,591
Total natificies and activit	241,409	ψ 240,391

DIGITAL MEDIA SOLUTIONS, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (Unaudited)

(in thousands, except per share data)

Three Months Ended March 31, 2021 2022 Net revenue 109,110 96,803 Cost of revenue (exclusive of depreciation and amortization shown separately below) 77,834 69,182 13,705 Salaries and related costs 10,269 General and administrative expenses 11,107 6,962 Depreciation and amortization 7,060 5,419 1,494 Acquisition costs 13 Change in fair value of contingent consideration liabilities 2,591 (Loss) income from operations \$ (3,200) \$ 3,477 Interest expense 3,687 3,257 Change in fair value of warrant liabilities (1,840)315 \$ Net loss before income taxes (5,047) \$ (95) Income tax expense 117 310 \$ Net loss (5,357) \$ (212)Net loss attributable to non-controlling interest (2,223)(93)(3,134)(119)Net loss attributable to Digital Media Solutions, Inc. Weighted-average shares outstanding - basic and diluted 33,241 35,576 Earnings (loss) per share attributable to Digital Media Solutions, Inc.: Basic and diluted - per common shares (0.09) \$

DIGITAL MEDIA SOLUTIONS, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EQUITY (DEFICIT)

(Unaudited)

(in thousands, except share data)

	Class A		<u> </u>		Class B Common Stock			Additional Paid-in		Retained Earnings		Total tockholders'	Non- controlling			
	Shares	An	ount	Shares	es Amount		Capital					Deficit		Interest	To	tal Deficit
Balance, December 31, 2021	36,226	\$	3	25,699	\$	3	\$	(25,239)	\$	(944)	\$	(26,177)	\$	(21,641)	\$	(47,818)
Net loss	_		_	_		_		_		(3,134)		(3,134)		(2,223)		(5,357)
SmarterChaos DMSH units redeemed and issued to Class A Common Stock (1)	153		_	_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Stock-based compensation	_		_	_		_		1,942		_		1,942		_		1,942
Shares issued under the 2020 Omnibus Incentive Plan	15		_	_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Distributions to non-controlling interest holders (2)	_		_	_		_		_		_		_		(573)		(573)
Impact of transactions affecting non- controlling interest (3)	_		_	_		_		(457)		_		(457)		457		_
Balance, March 31, 2022	36,394	\$	3	25,699	\$	3	\$	(23,754)	\$	(4,078)	\$	(27,826)	\$	(23,980)	\$	(51,806)

	Class A		k		Class B ommon Stock			Additional Paid-in		Retained		Total Stockholders'		Non- controlling		
	Shares	Ar	nount	Shares	Amount			Capital		Earnings		Deficit		Interest	To	otal Deficit
Balance, December 31, 2020	32,393	\$	3	25,999	\$	3	\$	(48,027)	\$	(3,146)	\$	(51,167)	\$	(44,518)	\$	(95,685)
Net income (loss)	_	\$	_	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	(119)	\$	(119)	\$	(93)	\$	(212)
Shares issued in connection with acquisition of Aramis, PushPros and Aimtell (Note 6)	1,293	\$	_	_	\$	_	\$	9,384	\$	_	\$	9,384	\$	5,616	\$	15,000
Exercise of warrants to issue Class A common stock	1	\$	_	_	\$	_	\$	17	\$	_	\$	17	\$	_	\$	17
Stock-based compensation	_	\$	_	_	\$	_	\$	1,365	\$	_	\$	1,365	\$	_	\$	1,365
Other	_	\$	_	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	(21)	\$	(21)
Balance, March 31, 2021	33,687	\$	3	25,999	\$	3	\$	(37,261)	\$	(3,265)	\$	(40,520)	\$	(39,016)	\$	(79,536)

⁽¹⁾ On January 17, 2022, the Sellers of SmarterChaos redeemed their remaining non-controlling interest held through DMSH Units in exchange for 154 thousand shares of Class A Common Stock in DMS, Inc. The non-controlling interest held by the Sellers of SmarterChaos did not include related Class B Common Stock to be retired upon redemption.

⁽²⁾ Represents tax distributions to shareholders Prism, Clairvest and the Sellers of SmarterChaos. As of March 31, 2022, \$10 thousand of these distributions have not been paid.

⁽³⁾ The carrying amount of non-controlling interest was adjusted primarily to reflect the change in ownership interest caused by additional DMSH units redeemed and issued to Class A Common Stock by the Sellers of SmarterChaos.

DIGITAL MEDIA SOLUTIONS, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited) (in thousands)

		Three Months Ended Mar			
		2022	2021		
Cash flows from operating activities					
Net loss	\$	(5,357) \$	(212)		
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities					
Provision for bad debt		532	410		
Depreciation and amortization		7,060	5,419		
Lease restructuring charges		(126)	(303)		
Stock-based compensation, net of amounts capitalized		1,842	1,257		
Amortization of debt issuance costs		453	233		
Deferred income tax provision, net		(392)	(1,016)		
Change in fair value of contingent consideration		2,591	382		
Change in fair value of warrant liability		(1,840)	315		
Change in income tax receivable and payable		732	1,133		
Change in accounts receivable		(7,368)	(1,069)		
Change in prepaid expenses and other current assets		1,150	367		
Change in accounts payable and accrued expenses		(1,263)	(5,703)		
Change in other liabilities		38	(24)		
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	\$	(1,948) \$	1,189		
Cash flows from investing activities					
Additions to property and equipment	\$	(1,617) \$	(2,391)		
Acquisition of businesses, net of cash acquired			(4,454)		
Net cash used in investing activities	\$	(1,617) \$	(6,845)		
Cash flows from financing activities					
Payments of long-term debt and notes payable	\$	(563) \$	(1,865)		
Proceeds from warrants exercised		_	11		
Distributions to non-controlling interest holders		(563)	(21)		
Net cash used in financing activities	\$	(1,126) \$	(1,875)		
Net change in cash	\$	(4,691) \$	(7,531)		
Cash, beginning of period		26,394	31,397		
Cash, end of period	\$	21,703 \$	23,866		
	-	,,,,,,			
Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information					
Cash Paid During the Period For	¢	2.210 6	2.000		
Interest Non Cook Investing and Financing Transactions	\$	3,218 \$	3,098		
Non-Cash Investing and Financing Transactions:	ø	2.501			
Contingent and deferred acquisition consideration	\$	2,591 \$	_		
Stock-based compensation capitalized in property and equipment	\$	100 \$	201		
Capital expenditures included in accounts payable	\$	216 \$	391		
Issuance of equity for Aimtell/PushPros/Aramis, and SmarterChaos	\$	— \$	15,000		

DIGITAL MEDIA SOLUTIONS, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Unaudited)

NOTE 1. BUSINESS, BASIS OF PRESENTATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Rusiness

Digital Media Solutions, Inc. ("DMS Inc.") is a digital performance marketing company offering a diversified lead and software delivery platform that drives high value and high intent leads to its customers. As used in this Quarterly Report, the "Company" refers to DMS Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries, (including its wholly-owned subsidiary, CEP V DMS US Blocker Company, a Delaware corporation ("Blocker")). The Company is headquartered in Clearwater, Florida. The Company primarily operates and derives most of its revenues in the United States.

Basis of Presentation

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") and applicable rules and regulations of the U.S. Security and Exchange Commission ("SEC") regarding interim financial reporting. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and notes required by GAAP for annual financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments consisting of normal and recurring entries considered necessary for a fair presentation of the results for the interim periods presented have been included. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts in the financial statements and accompanying notes. These estimates are based on information available as of the date of the unaudited consolidated financial statements; therefore, actual results could differ from those estimates. Interim results are not necessarily indicative of the results for a full year.

Business Combination

On July 15, 2020, Digital Media Solutions Holding ("DMSH") consummated the Business Combination with Leo pursuant to the Business Combination Agreement ("Business Combination"). Pursuant to the Business Combination, DMS Inc. acquired, directly and through its acquisition of the equity of Blocker, approximately 58.6% of the membership interest in DMSH, while Prism Data, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company ("Prism"), CEP V-A DMS AIV Limited Partnership, a Delaware limited partnership ("Clairvest Direct Seller") and related entities (the "Sellers") retained approximately 41.4% of the membership interest in DMSH ("non-controlling interests"). For additional information, see *Note 2: "Business Combination"* in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements in our 2021 Form 10-K.

Non-controlling Interest

The non-controlling interest represents the membership interest in DMSH held by holders other than the Company. As of March 31, 2022, the Prism, Clairvest Direct Sellers and SmarterChaos combined ownership percentage in DMSH was 41.4% and as of December 31, 2021 it was 41.6%.

Principles of Consolidation

The Company consists of DMS Inc. and its wholly-owned subsidiary, Blocker. The Company consolidates the assets, liabilities and operating results of DMSH and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. All intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated in consolidation. The results of operations attributable to the non-controlling interests are included in the Company's consolidated statements of operations, and the non-controlling interests are reported as a separate component of equity.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported as separate financial statement line items in the consolidated financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Management regularly makes estimates and assumptions that are inherent in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements including, but not limited to, the fair value of private placement warrants, the allowance for doubtful accounts, stock-based compensation, fair value of intangibles acquired in business combinations, loss contingencies, contingent consideration liabilities, asset impairments, and deferred taxes and amounts associated with the Tax Receivable Agreement.

Significant Accounting Policies

There have been no material changes to our significant accounting policies as compared to the significant accounting policies described in our 2021 Form 10-K

New Accounting Standards

Accounting Standards Not Yet Adopted

In February 2016, the FASB issued authoritative guidance *ASC 842, Lease Accounting*, regarding the accounting for leases, and has since issued subsequent updates to the initial guidance. The amended guidance requires the recognition of assets and liabilities for operating leases. The standard was initially effective for annual and interim reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. However, in November 2019, the FASB issued amended guidance, which defers for Emerging Growth Companies ("EGC") the effective date for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2022. The standard must be adopted using a modified retrospective transition. We plan to adopt the standard using the optional transition method whereby we would apply the new lease requirements through a cumulative-effect adjustment on the effective date of adoption. We plan to elect the package of practical expedients permitted under the transition guidance of the new standards, which allows us to not reassess whether any expired or existing contracts contain leases, allows us to carry forward the historical lease classification and permits us to exclude from our assessment initial direct costs for any existing leases. We will also make an accounting policy election to exclude leases with an initial term of twelve months or less from our transition adjustment. We are currently evaluating the impact on our consolidated balance sheets, recognizing assets and related lease liabilities.

The Company qualifies as an "emerging growth company" and has elected to adhere to the extended transition period for complying with new or revised accounting standards under Section 102(b)(1) of the JOBS Act. This election allows the Company to delay the adoption of new or revised accounting standards that have different effective dates for public and private companies until those standards apply to private companies.

In June 2016, the FASB issued authoritative guidance on accounting for credit losses on financial instruments, including trade receivables, and has since issued subsequent updates to the initial guidance. The amended guidance requires the application of a current expected credit loss model, which measures credit losses based on relevant information about past events, including historical experience, current conditions, and reasonable and supportable forecasts. The guidance requires adoption using a modified retrospective approach and is effective for emerging growth companies for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2022, including interim periods within those fiscal years. We are currently evaluating the impact on our consolidated financial statements.

NOTE 2. REVENUE

Disaggregation of Revenue

The following tables presents the disaggregation of revenue by reportable segment and type of service (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2022										
	Bra	and Direct		Marketplace		Technology Solutions		Intercompany eliminations		Total	
Net revenue:											
Customer acquisition	\$	59,619	\$	58,806	\$	_	\$	(13,260)	\$	105,165	
Managed services		1,609		_		1,510		_		3,119	
Software services		_		_		826		_		826	
Total Net revenue	\$	61,228	\$	58,806	\$	2,336	\$	(13,260)	\$	109,110	

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2021										
		Brand Direct	N	Marketplace		Technology Solutions		Intercompany eliminations		Total	
Net revenue:											
Customer acquisition	\$	52,901	\$	49,101	\$	_	\$	(10,652)	\$	91,350	
Managed services		3,278		158		510		_		3,946	
Software services		_		_		1,507		_		1,507	
Total Net revenue	\$	56,179	\$	49,259	\$	2,017	\$	(10,652)	\$	96,803	

Contract balances

The Company's contract liabilities result from payments received from clients in advance of revenue recognition as they precede the Company's satisfaction of the associated performance obligation. If a customer pays consideration before the Company's performance obligations are satisfied, such amounts are classified as deferred revenue on the consolidated balance sheets. As of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the balance of deferred revenue was \$1.8 million and \$1.8 million, respectively, and recorded within "Accrued expenses and other current liabilities" on the unaudited consolidated balance sheets. We expect the majority of the deferred revenue balance at March 31, 2022 to be recognized as revenue during the following quarter.

For the three months ended March 31, 2022, one customer accounted for approximately 18.1% of our total revenues. For the three months ended March 31, 2021, no customer accounted for more than 10% of our total revenues.

NOTE 3. REPORTABLE SEGMENTS

The Company's operating segments are determined based on the financial information reviewed by its chief operating decision maker ("CODM"), and the basis upon which management makes resource allocation decisions and assesses the performance of the Company's segments. The Company evaluates the operating performance of its segments based on financial measures such as net revenue, cost of revenue, and gross profit. Given the nature of the digital marketing solutions business, the amount of assets does not provide meaningful insight into the operating performance of the Company. As a result, the amount of the Company's assets is not subject to segment allocation and total assets is not included within the disclosure of the Company's segment financial information.

The following tables are a reconciliation of the operations of our segments to income from operations (in thousands):

	Three	Three Months Ended March		
	2022		2021	
Net revenue	\$ 10	9,110 \$	96,803	
Brand Direct	6	1,228	56,179	
Marketplace	5	8,806	49,259	
Technology Solutions		2,336	2,017	
Intercompany eliminations	(1	3,260)	(10,652)	
Cost of revenue	7	7,834	69,182	
Brand Direct	4	8,448	41,061	
Marketplace	4	2,380	36,599	
Technology Solutions		266	416	
Intercompany eliminations	(1	3,260)	(8,894)	
Gross profit	\$ 3	1,276 \$	27,621	
Brand Direct	1	2,780	15,118	
Marketplace	1	6,426	12,660	
Technology Solutions		2,070	1,601	
Salaries and related costs	1	3,705	10,269	
General and administrative expenses	1	1,107	6,962	
Depreciation and amortization		7,060	5,419	
Acquisition costs		13	1,494	
Contingent consideration changes in fair value of acquisition		2,591	_	
Income from operations	\$ (3,200) \$	3,477	

NOTE 4. GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Goodwill

Changes in the carrying value of goodwill, by reporting segment, were as follows (in thousands):

	Brand Direct	Marketplace	Technology Solutions	Total
Balance, December 31, 2021	\$ 18,376	\$ 54,554	\$ 3,628	\$ 76,558
Miscellaneous changes	(55)	_	_	(55)
Balance, March 31, 2022	\$ 18,321	\$ 54,554	\$ 3,628	\$ 76,503

The carrying amount of goodwill for all reporting units had no accumulated impairments as of March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021.

Intangible assets, net

Finite-lived intangible assets, net consisted of the following (in thousands):

		March 31, 2022						December 31, 2021					
	Amortization Period (Years)		Gross		Accumulated Amortization		Net		Gross		Accumulated Amortization		Net
Technology	3 to 5	\$	51,846	\$	(32,255)	\$	19,591	\$	51,946	\$	(29,929)	\$	22,017
Customer relationships	2 to 9		49,373		(15,135)		34,238		49,273		(13,076)		36,197
Brand	1 to 7		12,109		(4,996)		7,113		12,109		(4,575)		7,534
Non-competition agreements	3		1,898		(1,552)		346		1,898		(1,418)		480
Total		\$	115,226	\$	(53,938)	\$	61,288	\$	115,226	\$	(48,998)	\$	66,228

Amortization expense for finite-lived intangible assets is recorded on an accelerated straight-line basis. Amortization expense related to finite-lived intangible assets was \$4.9 million and \$4.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

NOTE 5. DEBT

The following table presents the components of outstanding debt (in thousands):

	March 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Term loan	\$ 223,313	\$ 223,875
Less: Unamortized debt issuance costs (1)	(5,780)	(6,120)
Debt, net	217,533	217,755
Less: Current portion of long-term debt	(2,250)	(2,250)
Long-term debt	\$ 215,283	\$ 215,505

⁽¹⁾ Includes net debt issuance discount and other costs.

On May 25, 2021, Digital Media Solutions, LLC ("DMS LLC"), as borrower, and DMSH, each of which is a subsidiary of DMS, entered into a five-year \$275 million senior secured credit facility (the "Credit Facility"), with a syndicate of lenders ("Lenders"), arranged by Truist Bank and Fifth Third Bank, as joint lead arrangers, and Truist Bank, as administrative agent. The Credit Facility is guaranteed by, and secured by substantially all of the assets of, DMS LLC, DMSH LLC and their material subsidiaries, subject to customary exceptions. Pursuant to the Credit Facility, the Lenders provided DMS LLC with senior secured term loans consisting of a senior secured term loan with an aggregate principal amount of \$225 million (the "Term Loan") and a \$50 million senior secured revolving credit facility (the "Revolving Facility").

The Term Loan, which was issued at an original issue discount of 1.80% or \$4.2 million, will be subject to payment of 1.0% of the original aggregate principal amount per annum paid quarterly, with a bullet payment at maturity. The Term Loan will mature, and the revolving credit commitments under the Revolving Facility will terminate, on May 25, 2026, when any outstanding balances will become due.

Borrowings under the Revolving Facility bear interest, at our option, at either (i) adjusted LIBOR plus 4.25% or (ii) a base rate (which is equal to the highest of (a) the administrative agent's prime rate, (b) the federal funds rate, as in effect from time to time, plus 0.50%, (c) one-month LIBOR plus 1.00%, and (d) 1.75% (the "Base Rate")), plus 3.25%. The Term Loan bears

interest at our option, at either (i) adjusted LIBOR plus 5.00% or (ii) the Base Rate plus 4.00%. Under the Revolving Facility, DMS LLC will pay a 0.50% per annum commitment fee in arrears on the undrawn portion of the revolving commitments. For the three months ended March 31, 2022, the effective interest rate was 6.29%. Since May 25, 2021 our interest rate is based on LIBOR plus 5%.

The initial \$4.2 million debt discount and \$3.5 million debt issuance cost related to the Term Loan and Revolving Facility is being amortized over the term of the loan using the effective interest method. As of March 31, 2022 the Term Loan debt discount and debt issuance cost classified as debt had a remaining unamortized balance of \$3.5 million and \$2.3 million, respectively. As of December 31, 2021, the Term Loan debt discount and debt issuance cost classified as debt had a remaining unamortized balance of \$3.7 million and \$2.4 million, respectively. At March 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the unamortized debt issuance cost of \$0.7 million and \$0.8 million, respectively, associated with the undrawn Revolving Facility is classified and amortized as "Other assets" within consolidated balance sheets.

Upon the closing of the Credit Facility, the credit agreement dated as of July 3, 2018, by and among DMS LLC, DMSH, each of their subsidiaries party thereto, various financial institutions party thereto and Monroe Capital Management Advisors, LLC, as administrative agent and lead arranger, and all outstanding amounts thereunder that was previously outstanding with an aggregate principal amount of \$210 million was extinguished, and the \$15 million revolving credit facility was closed.

The Company recognized a loss on debt extinguishment of \$2.1 million during the year ended December 31, 2021, which primarily included accelerated amortization of deferred financing costs, legal fees and early termination fee. The loss recognized is presented as "Loss on Debt Extinguishment" in the consolidated statement of operations.

Debt Maturity Schedule

The scheduled maturities of our total debt are estimated as follows at March 31, 2022:

<u>(in thousands)</u>	
2022	\$ 1,688
2023	2,250
2024	2,250
2025	2,250
2026 and thereafter	214,875
Total debt	\$ 223,313

NOTE 6. ACQUISITIONS

Crisp Results

On April 1, 2021, the Company completed a transaction to purchase the assets of Crisp Marketing, LLC ("Crisp Results" or "Crisp"). Crisp Results is a digital performance advertising company that connects consumers with brands within the insurance sector, with primary focus on the Medicare insurance industry. Crisp Results is known for providing predictable, reliable, flexible and scalable customer acquisition solutions, supporting large brands with a process that combines data, design, technology and innovation.

The Company paid consideration of \$40.0 million upon closing of the transaction, consisting of \$20.0 million cash and 1.6 million Class A Common Stock valued at \$20.0 million. The transaction also includes up to \$10.0 million in contingent consideration, subject to the achievement of certain milestones, which can be paid in cash or Class A Common Stock at the election of the Company. As of March 31, 2022, the contingent consideration milestones have been met and is scheduled to be paid by June 2022. The consideration also includes a \$5.0 million deferred payment, to be paid 18 months after the acquisition date.

Determining the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed requires management's judgment and involves the use of significant estimates, including projections of future cash inflows and outflows, discount rates, asset lives and market multiples. As the result of the completed valuation of the assets acquired (including intangibles) and liabilities assumed, as well as the contingent consideration liabilities, as of the acquisition dates, the following adjustments were recorded related to further analysis of the forecast (for example, items that occurring in the pre-acquisition period that should have been factored into the forecast as of the acquisition date) and refinements to the significant assumptions in the valuation models used to value the intangibles and contingent consideration liabilities. As a result, we have made adjustment to the initial and subsequent fair value

of the intangible assets, goodwill, contingent consideration and working capital. Accounting for the acquisition was completed on March 31, 2022. The impact of these adjustments are as follows (in thousands):

Crisp Results	Acqu	isition Date Fair Value	ir Value Mark-to- Market changes	Fair Value as of March 31, 2022
Goodwill	\$	21,894	\$ _	\$ 21,894
Intangible Assets:				
Technology	\$	_	\$ _	\$ _
Customer relationships	\$	19,600	\$ _	\$ 19,600
Brand	\$	7,400	\$ _	\$ 7,400
Non-competition agreements	\$	_	\$ _	\$ _
Contingent Consideration	\$	5,186	\$ 4,814	\$ 10,000
Working Capital	\$	1,018	\$ _	\$ 1,018

As of April 1, 2021, the acquisition date, the fair value of the contingent consideration earnout was \$5.2 million, and the deferred consideration was \$4.6 million. During the three months ended March 31, 2022, the contingent consideration earnout value increased \$2.6 million from December 31, 2021 to a total of \$10.0 million. As of March 31, 2022, the present value of the deferred consideration increased slightly due to accretion to \$4.9 million from December 31, 2021. For the three months ended March 31, 2022, there were no measurement period adjustments identified and recorded.

The Company primarily used an Income Approach, specifically a Discounted Cash Flow ("DCF") analysis, which represents Level 3 fair value measurements, to assess the components of its purchase price allocation. The acquisition was accounted for as a business combination, whereby the excess of the fair value of the business over the fair value of identifiable net assets was allocated to goodwill. The results of operations of the acquired business have been included in the Company's results of operations since the acquisition date of April 1, 2021. Under Accounting Standards Codification 805 ("ASC 805"), an acquirer must recognize any assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the acquisition date, measured at fair value as of that date. Assets meeting the identification criteria included tangible assets, such as real and personal property, and intangible assets. Identified intangible assets included the brand and customer relationships of the acquired business. Fair value of Crisp Results brand was determined using the Relief from Royalty Method, and the fair value of customer relationships was determined using the Multi Period Excess Earnings Method.

The goodwill related to this transaction reflects the workforce and synergies expected from combining the operations of Crisp Results and is included in the Marketplace reportable segment. Goodwill is expected to be deductible for tax purposes. Intangible assets primarily consist of brand and customer relationships with an estimated useful life of seven years for brand and six years for customer relationships.

Aimtell, PushPros and Aramis

On February 1, 2021, the Company acquired Aimtell, Inc. ("Aimtell"), PushPros, Inc. ("PushPros") and Aramis Interactive ("Aramis", and together with Aimtell and PushPro, "AAP"). Aimtell and PushPros are leading providers of technology-enabled digital performance advertising solutions that connect consumers and advertisers within the home, auto, health and life insurance verticals. Aramis is a network of owned-and-operated websites that leverages the Aimtell and PushPros technologies and relationships.

The Company paid consideration of \$20.0 million upon closing of the transaction, consisting of \$5.0 million in cash and approximately 1.29 million shares of Class A Common Stock valued at \$15.0 million. The transaction also includes up to \$15.0 million in contingent consideration to be earned over the three years following the acquisition, subject to the achievement of certain milestones. The contingent consideration can be paid in cash or Class A Common Stock at the election of the Company.

Determining the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed requires management's judgment and involves the use of significant estimates, including projections of future cash inflows and outflows, discount rates, asset lives and market multiples. As the result of the completed valuation of the assets acquired (including intangibles) and liabilities assumed, as well as the contingent consideration liabilities, as of the acquisition dates, we recorded adjustments during the year ended December 31,

2021 related to further analysis of the forecast (for example, items that occurring in the pre-acquisition period that should have been factored into the forecast as of the acquisition date) and refinements to the significant assumptions in the valuation models used to value the intangibles and contingent consideration liabilities. As a result, we made adjustments to the initial and subsequent fair value of the intangible assets, goodwill, contingent consideration and working capital. Accounting for the acquisition was completed on March 31, 2022. The impact of these adjustments are as follows (in thousands):

Aimtell, PushPros, and Aramis	Acqui	sition Date Fair Value	r Value Mark-to- Jarket changes	Fair Value as of March 31, 2022
Goodwill	\$	9,761	\$ 	\$ 9,761
Intangible Assets:				
Technology	\$	3,900	\$ _	\$ 3,900
Customer relationships	\$	7,690	\$ _	\$ 7,690
Brand	\$	208	\$ _	\$ 208
Non-competition agreements	\$	83	\$ _	\$ 83
Contingent Consideration	\$	2,147	\$ (1,117)	\$ 1,030
Working Capital	\$	944	\$ _	\$ 944

As of February 1, 2021, the acquisition date, the fair value of the contingent consideration earnout was \$2.1 million. As of March 31, 2022, the contingent consideration earnout fair value total of \$1.1 million remained relatively unchanged since December 31, 2021. The contingent consideration can be paid in cash or DMS Class A Common Stock at the election of the Company.

The Company primarily used an Income Approach, specifically a Discounted Cash Flow ("DCF") analysis, which represents Level 3 fair value measurements, to assess the components of its purchase price allocation. The acquisition was accounted for as a business combination, whereby the excess of the fair value of the business over the fair value of identifiable net assets was allocated to goodwill. The results of operations of the acquired businesses have been included in the Company's results of operations since the acquisition date of February 1, 2021. Under Accounting Standards Codification 805 (ASC 805), an acquirer must recognize any assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the acquisition date, measured at fair value as of that date. Assets meeting the identification criteria included tangible assets, such as real and personal property, and intangible assets. Identified intangible assets included the brand, technology and customer relationships of the acquired business. Fair value of Aimtell and PushPros technology was determined using the Multi Period Excess Earnings Method; fair value of Aramis customer relationships was determined using the Multi Period Excess Earnings Method; and fair value of Aimtell and PushPros customer relationships was determined using the excess earnings method with distributor inputs.

The goodwill related to this transaction reflects the workforce and synergies expected from combining the operations of AAP and is included in the Brand Direct reportable segment. Goodwill is expected to be deductible for Aramis and PushPros for tax purposes. Intangible assets primarily consist of technology and customer relationships.

Net assets and liabilities acquired from the AAP and Crisp Results acquisitions consist of the following (in thousands):

		Aimtell, PushPros an Aramis		Crisp Results
	Expected Useful Life	2021		2021
Goodwill		\$ 9,76	1 \$	21,894
Technology	4	3,90	0	_
Customer relationships	4 to 6	7,69	0	19,600
Accounts receivable		3,10	0	2,610
Brand	1 to 7	20	8	7,400
Non-competitive agreements	3	8	3	_
Property and equipment	3 to 5	25	0	220
Accounts payable		(2,88	7)	(1,593)
Other assets acquired and liabilities assumed, net (1)		74	0	1
Net assets and liabilities acquired		\$ 22,84	5 \$	50,132

(1) Other assets acquired and liabilities assumed, net includes Prepaids and other current assets, partially offset by other current liabilities (i.e., Travel and expense payables, payroll liabilities, tax liabilities).

The weighted average amortization period for AAP acquisition technology is 4 years, customer relationships is 4.1 years, brand is 2.1 years and non-compete agreements is 3 years. The weighted average amortization period for Crisp Results acquisition customer relationships is 6 years, and brand is 7 years. In total, the weighted average amortization period for AAP is 4 years and Crisp Results is 5.6 years.

The following schedule represents the amounts of net revenue and net loss from operations related to AAP and Crisp Results acquisitions which have been included in the unaudited consolidated statements of operations for the periods indicated subsequent to the acquisition date (in thousands):

	I nree Months Ended March 31, 2021				
	Aimtell, PushPros and Aramis			Crisp Results	
Net revenue	\$	4,301	\$	_	
Net loss from operations	\$	(136)	\$		

Pro Forma Information

The following unaudited pro forma financial information represents the consolidated financial information as if the acquisitions had been included in our consolidated results beginning on the first day of the fiscal year prior to their respective acquisition dates. The pro forma results do not reflect any cost savings, operating synergies or revenue enhancements that the combined company may achieve as a result of the acquisitions; the costs to combine the companies' operations; or the costs necessary to achieve these costs savings, operating synergies and revenue enhancements. The pro forma results do not necessarily reflect the actual results of operations of the combined companies under our ownership and operation.

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2021								
(In thousands):	 DMS Aimtell, PushPros and Crisp Results						Pro Forma		
Net revenue	\$ 96,803	\$	2,465	\$	8,284	\$	107,552		
Net (loss) income from operations	\$ (212)	\$	457	\$	2,296	\$	2,541		

NOTE 7. RESTRUCTURING COSTS

Restructuring costs include expenses associated with the Company's effort to continually improve operational efficiency and reposition its assets to remain competitive on a national basis. The Company leases office space in various locations within the United States and Canada. The leases entered into by the Company consist of both long-term and short-term leases.

Termination of office lease and other related costs include lease and termination of fixed assets, employee training, relocation and facility costs. These costs are recorded in General and administrative expenses in the unaudited consolidated statements of operations.

Since the year ended December 31, 2020, due to the economic environment caused by the COVID-19 pandemic, the Company entered into negotiations with landlords to terminate certain lease agreements, which reduced cash needs by approximately \$1.9 million over the remaining life of the original leases through April 30, 2025. As of March 31, 2022, the Company has four leased properties, representing 55,798 square feet of office space located in the United States, that are currently in negotiations with landlords to be reduced or terminated.

The reserve is amortized to General and administrative expenses in the consolidated statements of operations. The change in liability for the restructuring costs reserve for the three months ended March 31, 2022 was as follows (in thousands):

	e Months Ended arch 31, 2022
Beginning balance	\$ 2,516
Valuation adjustments	(26)
Lease payments	(294)
Lease accretion	 48
Ending balance	\$ 2,244
Current portion - Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	\$ 782
Long-term portion - Other non-current liabilities	\$ 1,462

NOTE 8. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The Company utilizes fair value measurements to record fair value adjustments to certain assets and liabilities and to determine fair value disclosures. The carrying amounts of our cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, income taxes receivable, accounts payable, accrued expenses and income taxes payable, approximate fair value because of the short-term maturity of those instruments.

Private Placement Warrants - We record the fair value of the Private Placement Warrants as a liability in our consolidated balance sheet as of March 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The fair value of the Private Placement Warrants is considered a Level 3 valuation and is determined using the Black-Scholes-Merton valuation model. Changes in fair value of the Private Placement Warrants are presented under Change in the fair value of warrant liabilities on the Income Statement. As of March 31, 2022, the Company has approximately 4.0 million Private Placement Warrants outstanding.

The significant assumptions were as follows:

	Marc	h 31, 2022
Private Placement Warrants Fair Value Per Share	\$	0.53
Private Placement Warrant valuation inputs:		
Stock price - DMS Inc. Class A Common Stock	\$	3.64
Remaining contractual term in years		3.29
Estimated volatility		60.0 %
Dividend yield		0.0 %
Risk free interest rate		2.43 %

Contingent consideration payable related to acquisitions

The fair value of the contingent consideration payable for the AAP acquisitions (described in *Note 6 Acquisitions*) were determined using a Monte Carlo fair value analysis based on estimated performance and the probability of achieving certain targets. As certain inputs are not observable in the market, the contingent consideration is classified as a Level 3 instrument. Changes in fair value of contingent consideration are presented under Acquisition costs on the statement of operations.

The following table presents the contingent consideration assumptions.

	Aimtell / PushPros
CYE2021 Revenue - Actual	\$ 7,193,881
CYE2022 Revenue - 3 Months Actual	\$ 1,287,738
CYE2022 Revenue - 9 Months Expectations	\$ 10,041,919
CYE2023 Revenue - Expectations	\$ 14,636,891
CYE2022 Risk Adjusted Revenue - 9 Months	\$ 9,756,478
CYE2023 Risk Adjusted Revenue	\$ 13,301,545
Revenue Volatility	25 %
Iteration (actual)	100,000
Risk adjustment discount rate	8.25 %
Risk free / Credit risk	8.0 %
Days gap from period end to payment	90
	 Aramis
CYE2022 Earnout Successful Probability	99.0 %
Iteration (actual)	100,000
Risk free / Credit risk	8.0 %
Days gap from period end to payment	90

The following table presents assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurrent basis (in thousands):

				March	31, 2	2022	
Category	Lev	vel 1	Le	vel 2		Level 3	Total
Liabilities:							
Private Placement Warrant liabilities	\$	_	\$	_	\$	2,120	\$ 2,120
Contingent consideration - current (Crisp Results)		_		_		10,000	10,000
Contingent consideration -non-current (AAP)		_		_		1,030	1,030
Total	\$		\$		\$	13,150	\$ 13,150

The following table represents the change in the warrant liability and contingent consideration (in thousands):

	P	rivate Placement Warrants	Conti	ngent Consideration
Balance, December 31, 2021	\$	3,960	\$	8,439
Additions		_		_
Changes in fair value		(1,840)		2,591
Settlements		_		_
Balance, March 31, 2022	\$	2,120	\$	11,030

NOTE 9. INCOME TAXES

As a result of the Business Combination, the Company consists of DMS Inc. and its wholly-owned subsidiary, Blocker, which owns 58.6% of equity interests in DMSH. DMSH is treated as a partnership for purposes of U.S. federal and certain state and local income tax. As a U.S. partnership, generally DMSH will not be subject to corporate income taxes (except with respect to UE, as described below). Instead, each of the ultimate partners (including DMS Inc.) are taxed on their proportionate share of DMSH taxable income.

While the Company consolidates DMSH for financial reporting purposes, the Company will only be taxed on its allocable share of future earnings (i.e. those earnings not attributed to the non-controlling interests, which continue to be taxed on their own allocable share of future earnings of DMSH). The Company's income tax expense is attributable to the allocable share of earnings from DMSH, a portion of activities of DMSH that are subject to Canadian income tax, and the activities of UE, a wholly-owned U.S. corporate subsidiary of DMSH, which is subject to U.S. federal and state and local income taxes. The

income tax burden on the earnings allocated to the non-controlling interests is not reported by the Company in its consolidated financial statements under GAAP. As a result, the Company's effective tax rate is expected to differ materially from the statutory rate.

The Company's tax provision or benefit from income taxes for interim periods is determined using an estimate of its annual effective tax rate, adjusted for discrete items, if any. Each quarter the Company updates its estimate of the annual effective tax rate and makes a year-to-date adjustment to the provision. The Company recorded income tax expense of \$310 thousand for the three months ended March 31, 2022. The blended effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2022 was (6.1)%, which varies from our statutory U.S. tax rate due to taxable income or loss that is allocated to the non-controlling interest and impact of the valuation allowance on DMS, Inc. The Company recorded \$117 thousand income tax expense for the three months ended March 31, 2021. The blended effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2021 was (124.6)%, which varies from our statutory U.S. tax rate due to taxable income or loss that is allocated to the non-controlling interest.

Tax Receivable Agreement

In conjunction with the Business Combination, DMS Inc. and Blocker also entered into a Tax Receivable Agreement ("TRA") with the Sellers. Pursuant to the Tax Receivable Agreement, DMS Inc. is required to pay the Sellers (i) 85% of the amount of savings, if any, in U.S. federal, state and local income tax that DMS Inc. and Blocker actually realize as a result of (A) certain existing tax attributes of Blocker acquired in the Business Combination, and (B) increases in Blocker's allocable share of the tax basis of the assets of DMS and certain other tax benefits related to the payment of the cash consideration pursuant to the Business Combination Agreement and any redemptions or exchanges of DMS Units for cash or Class A Common Stock after the Business Combination and (ii) 100% of certain refunds of pre-Closing taxes of DMSH and Blocker received during a taxable year beginning within two (2) years after the Closing. All such payments to the Sellers are the obligation of DMS Inc., and not that of DMSH.

As of December 31, 2021, the Company recorded a full valuation allowance on our deferred tax asset ("DTA") related to the TRA along with the entire DTA inventory at DMS, Inc. and Blocker. The remaining short-term Tax Receivable Agreement liability of \$1.3 million is attributable to carryback claims. We will continue to evaluate the positive and negative evidence in determining the realizability of the Company's DTAs.

NOTE 10. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share of Class A Common Stock is computed by dividing net income attributable to DMS Inc. by the weighted-average number of shares of Class A Common Stock outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share of Class A Common Stock is computed by dividing net income attributable to DMS Inc. adjusted for the income effects of dilutive

instruments by the weighted-average number of shares of Class A Common Stock outstanding adjusted to give effect to potentially dilutive elements.

The following table sets forth reconciliations of the numerators and denominators used to compute basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share of Class A Common Stock:

	,	Three Months Ended March 31,		
		2022	2021	
Numerator:				
Net loss	\$	(5,357) \$	(212)	
Net loss attributable to non-controlling interest		(2,223)	(93)	
Net loss attributable to Digital Media Solutions, Inc basic and diluted	\$	(3,134) \$	(119)	
Denominator:				
Weighted average shares - basic and diluted		35,576	33,241	
Net earnings (loss) per common share:				
Basic and diluted	\$	(0.09) \$	_	

Shares of the Company's Class B Common Stock do not participate in the earnings or losses of the Company and are therefore not participating securities. As such, separate basic and diluted earnings per share of Class B Common Stock under the two-class method has not been presented.

For the three months ended March 31, 2022, the Company excluded 25.7 million shares of Class B Common Stock, 4 million private warrants, 10.0 million public warrants, 2.0 million shares of restrictive stock options ("Options"), 1.6 million shares of restrictive stock units ("RSU"), and the contingent and deferred considerations issued in connection with the AAP and Crisp Results acquisitions, as their effect would have been anti-dilutive. For the three months ended March 31, 2021, the Company excluded 0.2 million private warrants, 0.5 million public warrants, 0.1 million Options, 0.5 million RSU, and the contingent consideration issued in connection with the AAP acquisition, which could be settled in common stock of 1.2 million and convertible equity of 26.3 million as their effect would have been anti-dilutive.

For the three months ended March 31, 2022, the Company excluded contingent consideration issued in connection with AAP and Crisp Results acquisitions, which is payable in DMS common stock at the Company's option, although the necessary conditions to pay such consideration have been satisfied by the end of the period, as their effect would have been anti-dilutive.

NOTE 11. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On May 10, 2022, the Company acquired Traverse Data, Inc. ("Traverse"), a marketing and advertising technology company, for a total up to \$3.0 million payable in cash, subject to certain adjustments.

As a result of limited access to the information required to prepare the initial accounting, the initial accounting for the Traverse acquisition is incomplete and the Company is unable to provide the amounts that will be recognized at the acquisition date for the major classes of assets acquired and liabilities assumed, pre-existing contingencies, goodwill or other intangible assets at the time of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations OVERVIEW

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") is intended to assist in an understanding of our financial condition and results of operations. This MD&A is provided as a supplement to, should be read in conjunction with, and is qualified in its entirety by reference to, our Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) and accompanying Notes appearing elsewhere in this Quarterly Report (the "Notes"). In addition, reference should be made to our Audited Consolidated Financial Statements and accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements and Item 7: "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" included in our 2021 Form 10-K. Except for the historical information contained herein, the discussions in this MD&A contain forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Our future results could differ materially from those discussed herein. Factors that could cause or contribute to such differences include, but are not limited to, those discussed below in this MD&A under "Forward-Looking Statements and Factors that May Affect Future Results".

On August 16, 2021, we announced our decision to evaluate potential strategic alternatives to maximize shareholder value. We intend to evaluate a full range of strategic, operational and financial alternatives. We have retained Goldman Sachs & Co LLC and Canaccord Genuity as our financial advisors to assist with the strategic review process. There can be no assurance that the strategic review process will result in any strategic alternative, or any assurance as to its outcome or timing.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following table presents our consolidated results of operations as a percentage of net revenue:

	Three Months Ende	d March 31,
	2022	2021
Revenue by type:		
Customer acquisition	96.4 %	94.4 %
Managed services	2.9 %	4.1 %
Software services	0.7 %	1.5 %
Total net revenue	100.0 %	100.0 %
Revenue by segment:		
Brand Direct	56.1 %	58.0 %
Marketplace	53.9 %	50.9 %
Technology Solutions	2.1 %	2.1 %
Intercompany eliminations	(12.1)%	(11.0)%
Net revenue	100.0 %	100.0 %
Cost of revenue	71.3 %	71.5 %
Gross profit	28.7 %	28.5 %
Salaries and related costs	12.5 %	10.6 %
General and administrative	10.2 %	7.2 %
Depreciation and amortization	6.5 %	5.6 %
Acquisition costs	— %	1.5 %
Change in fair value of contingent consideration	2.4 %	— %
(Loss) income from operations	(2.9)%	3.6 %
Interest expense	3.4 %	3.4 %
Change in fair value of warrant liabilities	(1.7)%	0.3 %
Net loss before income taxes	(4.6)%	(0.1)%
Income tax expense	0.3 %	0.1 %
Net loss	(4.9)%	(0.2)%
Net loss attributable to non-controlling interest	(2.0)%	(0.1)%
Net loss attributable to Digital Media Solutions, Inc.	(2.9)%	(0.1)%

Operating Results for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021

The following table presents the consolidated results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021 and the changes from the prior period (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31,					
	 2022		2021		\$ Change	% Change
Net revenue	\$ 109,110	\$	96,803	\$	12,307	12.7 %
Cost of revenue	77,834		69,182		8,652	12.5 %
Gross profit	\$ 31,276	\$	27,621	\$	3,655	13.2 %
Salaries and related costs	13,705		10,269		3,436	33.5 %
General and administrative	11,107		6,962		4,145 —	59.5 %
Depreciation and amortization	7,060		5,419		1,641	30.3 %
Acquisition costs	13		1,494		(1,481)	(99.1)%
Change in fair value of contingent consideration	2,591		_		2,591	100.0 %
(Loss) income from operations	\$ (3,200)	\$	3,477	\$	(6,677)	(192.0)%
Interest expense	3,687		3,257		430	13.2 %
Change in fair value of warrant liabilities	(1,840)		315		(2,155) —	(684.1)%
Net loss before income taxes	\$ (5,047)	\$	(95)	\$	(4,952)	5212.6 %
Income tax expense	310		117		193	165.0 %
Net loss	\$ (5,357)	\$	(212)	\$	(5,145)	2426.9 %
Net loss attributable to non-controlling interest	(2,223)		(93)		(2,130)	2290.3 %
Net loss attributable to Digital Media Solutions, Inc.	\$ (3,134)	\$	(119)	\$	(3,015)	2533.6 %

Net revenue. Our business generates revenue primarily through the delivery of a variety of performance-based marketing services, including customer acquisition, managed services and software services.

The following table presents revenue by type for each segment and the changes from the prior period:

	Three Months Ended March 31,				
	 2022		2021	\$ Change	% Change
Brand Direct					
Customer acquisition	\$ 59,619	\$	52,901	\$ 6,718	13 %
Managed services	1,609		3,278	(1,669)	(51)%
Total Brand Direct	61,228		56,179	5,049	9 %
Marketplace					
Customer acquisition	58,806		49,101	9,705	20 %
Managed services	_		158	(158)	(100)%
Total Marketplace	58,806		49,259	9,547	19 %
Technology Solutions					
Managed services	1,510		510	1,000	196 %
Software services	 826		1,507	(681)	(45)%
Total Technology Solutions	2,336		2,017	319	16 %
Corporate and Other					
Customer acquisition	(13,260)		(10,652)	(2,608)	24 %
Total Corporate and Other	(13,260)		(10,652)	(2,608)	24 %
Total Customer acquisition	105,165		91,350	13,815	15 %
Total Managed services	3,119		3,946	(827)	(21)%
Total Software services	826		1,507	(681)	(45)%
Total Net revenue	\$ 109,110	\$	96,803	\$ 12,307	13 %

a Months Ended March 31

Customer Acquisition Revenue. Customer acquisition contracts deliver potential consumers or leads (i.e. number of clicks, emails, calls and applications) to the customer in real-time based on predefined qualifying characteristics specified by our customer.

Our Brand Direct segment experienced an increase in Customer acquisition revenue of \$6.7 million or 13% during the three months ended March 31, 2022. Customer acquisition revenue for Marketplace increased by \$9.7 million or 20% for the three months ended March 31, 2022. The increases in both the Brand Direct and Marketplace segments were primarily due to the migration of consumers to the online shopping experience, especially in the auto and health insurance verticals, as well as two acquisitions the Company completed in the first half of 2021.

Managed Services Revenue. Managed services contracts provide continuous service of managing the customer's media spend for the purpose of generating leads through a third-party supplier of leads, as requested by our customer. Managed services revenue experienced a decrease of \$0.8 million or 21% during the three months ended March 31, 2022. The decrease was primarily driven by decreased media activity resulting in lower agency fees.

Software Services Revenue. Software services contracts provide the customer with continuous, daily access to the Company's proprietary software. Software services revenue is considered insignificant during the three months ended March 31, 2022.

Cost of revenue and gross profit. Cost of revenue primarily includes media and other related costs, such as the cost to acquire user traffic through the purchase of impressions, clicks or actions from publishers or third-party intermediaries, including advertising exchanges, and technology costs that enable media acquisition. These media costs are used primarily to drive user traffic to the Company's and our customers' media properties. Cost of revenue also includes indirect costs such as data verification, hosting and fulfillment costs.

The following table presents the gross profit percentage (gross profit as a percentage of total revenue) by segment and the changes from prior period:

	Three	Three Months Ended March 31,				
	2022	2021	PPTS Change			
Brand Direct	20.9 %	26.9 %	-6.0			
Marketplace	27.9 %	25.7 %	2.2			
Technology Solutions	88.6 %	79.4 %	9.2			
Total gross profit percentage	28.7 %	28.5 %	0.2			

Gross profit for Brand Direct decreased for the three months ended March 31, 2022, primarily driven by compressed pricing within auto insurance and increasing telecom costs (dialer fees) for DMS Voice, our voice integrated telephony system.

Gross profit for Marketplace increased for the three months ended March 31, 2022, primarily driven by strong performance from our Crisp acquisition and optimizing the media mix to drive lead conversion leveraging our first-party data asset.

Gross profit for Technology Solutions increased for the three months ended March 31, 2022, driven by the optimization of media purchasing activity which lead to larger budgets and resulted in increased fees.

Total gross profit increased for the three months ended March 31, 2022, primarily due to acquisition related performance, vertical expansion, and growth of our first-party data asset through signals data.

Salaries and related costs. Total compensation includes salaries, commissions, bonuses, payroll taxes and retirement benefits. Salaries and related costs increased by \$3.4 million or 33.5% for the three months ended March 31, 2022, which was primarily driven by stock-based compensation and headcount as a result of required expansion of our workforce to support the Company's growth, as well as the addition of FTEs from the Crisp Results and Aimtell/Aramis/PushPros ("AAP") acquisitions.

General and administrative. General and administrative consist of expenses incurred in our normal course of business relating to office supplies, computer and technology, rent and utilities, insurance, legal and professional fees, state and local taxes and licenses, penalties and settlements and bad debt expense, as well as sales and marketing expenses relating to advertising and promotion. We also include other expenses such as investment banking expenses, fundraising costs and costs related to the advancement of our corporate social responsibility program.

General and administrative expenses increased \$4.1 million or 59.5% for the three months ended March 31, 2022. The increase was primarily driven by acquisition related expenses across multiple categories including software, technology, and professional expenses as well as an overall increase in insurance and compliance fees.

Acquisition costs. Acquisition related costs are not considered part of the consideration for acquisitions and are expensed as incurred. This includes acquisition incentive compensation and other transaction related costs..

Acquisition costs decreased by \$1.5 million or 99.1%, during the three months ended March 31, 2022. The decrease was primarily due to higher prior year acquisition costs related to Crisp Results and Aimtell/Aramis/PushPros ("AAP") acquisitions.

Depreciation and amortization. Property, plant and equipment consists of computers and office equipment, furniture and fixtures, leasehold improvements and internally developed software costs. Intangible assets subject to amortization include technology, customer relationships, brand, and non-competition agreements.

Depreciation and amortization expense increased \$1.6 million or 30.3%, during the three months ended March 31, 2022, primarily driven by the fixed assets acquired with Crisp Results and AAP, as well as continued investments in internally developed software, which were placed in service during 2021.

Interest expense. Interest expense for three months ended March 31, 2022 was related primarily to our debt, which carries a variable interest rate based on multiple options at either LIBOR plus 5% or an alternate base rate, plus an agreed upon margin with Truist Bank, the Company's financial institution since May 25, 2021 (see *Note 5. Debt*).

Interest expense increased by \$0.4 million or 13.2%, during the three months ended March 31, 2022. The increase for the three months ended March 31, 2022, was primarily due to comparatively higher outstanding debt balance.

Income tax expense. The Company recorded income tax expense of \$0.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2022. The blended effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2022 was (6)%, which varies from our statutory U.S. tax rate due to taxable income or loss that is allocated to the non-controlling interest and impact of the valuation allowance on DMS, Inc.

NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES

In addition to providing financial measurements based on accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"), this Quarterly Report includes additional financial measures that are not prepared in accordance with GAAP ("non-GAAP"), including adjusted EBITDA, unlevered free cash flow, adjusted net income and adjusted EPS. A reconciliation of non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures can be found below.

As explained further below, we use these financial measures internally to review the performance of our business units without regard to certain accounting treatments, non-operational, extraordinary or non-recurring items. We believe that presentation of these non-GAAP financial measures provides useful information to investors regarding our results of operations. Because of these limitations, management relies primarily on its GAAP results and uses non-GAAP measures only as a supplement.

Adjusted EBITDA, Unlevered Free Cash Flow and Unlevered Free Cash Flow Conversion

We use the non-GAAP measures of Adjusted EBITDA and Unlevered Free Cash Flow to assess operating performance. Management believes that these measures provide useful information to investors regarding DMS's operating performance and its capacity to incur and service debt and fund capital expenditures. DMS believes that these measures are used by many investors, analysts and rating agencies as a measure of performance. By reporting these measures, DMS provides a basis for comparison of our business operations between current, past and future periods by excluding items that DMS does not believe are indicative of our core operating performance.

Financial measures that are non-GAAP should not be considered as alternatives to operating income, cash flows from operating activities or any other performance measures derived in accordance with GAAP as measures of operating performance, or cash flows as measures of liquidity. These measures have limitations as analytical tools, and you should not consider them in isolation or as a substitute for analysis of our results as reported under GAAP. Because of these limitations, DMS relies primarily on its GAAP results and uses Adjusted EBITDA and Unlevered Free Cash Flow only as a supplement.

Adjusted EBITDA is defined as net loss, excluding (a) interest expense, (b) income tax expense, (c) depreciation and amortization, (d) change in fair value of warrant liabilities, (e) debt extinguishment, (f) stock-based compensation, (g) change in tax receivable agreement liability, (h) restructuring costs, (i) acquisition costs, and (j) other expense.

In addition, we adjust to take into account estimated cost synergies related to our acquisitions. These adjustments are estimated based on cost-savings that are expected to be realized within our acquisitions over time as these acquisitions are fully integrated into DMS. These cost-savings result from the removal of cost and or service redundancies that already exist within DMS, technology synergies as systems are consolidated and centralized, headcount reductions based on redundancies, right-sized cost structure of media and service costs utilizing the most beneficial contracts within DMS and the acquired companies with external media and service providers. We believe that these non-synergized costs tend to overstate our expenses during the periods in which such synergies are still being realized.

Furthermore, in order to review the performance of the combined business over periods that extend prior to our ownership of the acquired businesses, we include the pre-acquisition performance of the businesses acquired. Management believes that doing so helps to understand the combined operating performance and potential of the business as a whole and makes it easier to compare performance of the combined business over different periods.

Unlevered Free Cash Flow is defined as Adjusted EBITDA, less capital expenditures, and Unlevered Free Cash Flow Conversion is defined as Unlevered Free Cash Flow divided by Adjusted EBITDA.

The following table provides a reconciliation between Adjusted net income and Adjusted EBITDA, and Unlevered Free Cash Flow, from Net loss, the most directly comparable GAAP measure (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31,			
	 2022		2021	
Net loss	\$ (5,357)	\$	(212)	
Adjustments				
Interest expense	3,687		3,257	
Income tax expense	310		117	
Depreciation and amortization	7,060		5,419	
Change in fair value of warrant liabilities (1)	(1,840)		315	
Stock-based compensation expense	1,842		1,257	
Restructuring costs	394		(351)	
Acquisition costs (2)	2,604		1,494	
Other expense (3)	1,793		1,513	
Adjusted net income	\$ 10,493	\$	12,809	
Additional adjustments				
Pro forma cost savings - Reorganization (4)	\$ _	\$	31	
Pro forma cost savings - Acquisitions (5)	_		769	
Acquisitions EBITDA (6)	_		2,711	
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 10,493	\$	16,320	
Less: Capital Expenditures	1,617		2,391	
Unlevered free cash flow	\$ 8,876	\$	13,929	
Unlevered free cash flow conversion	 84.6 %		85.3 %	

⁽¹⁾ Mark-to-market warrant liability adjustments.

⁽²⁾ Balance includes business combination transaction fees, acquisition incentive payments, contingent consideration accretion, earnout payments and pre-acquisition expenses.

⁽³⁾ Balance includes legal fees associated with acquisitions and other extraordinary matters, costs related to philanthropic initiatives, and private warrant transaction related costs.

⁽⁴⁾ Costs savings as a result of the Company reorganization initiated in Q2 2020.

⁽⁵⁾ Cost synergies expected as a result of the full integration of the acquisitions.

⁽⁶⁾ Pre-acquisition Adjusted EBITDA results from the AAP and Crisp Results acquisitions during the three months ended March 31, 2021.

A reconciliation of Unlevered Free Cash Flow to net cash provided by operating activities, the most directly comparable GAAP measure, is presented below (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31,			
	2022		2021	
Unlevered free cash flow	\$ 8,876	\$	13,929	
Capital expenditures	1,617		2,391	
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 10,493	\$	16,320	
Acquisitions EBITDA (1)	_		2,711	
Pro forma cost savings - Reorganization (2)	_		31	
Pro forma cost savings - Acquisitions (3)	_		769	
Adjusted net income	\$ 10,493	\$	12,809	
Acquisition costs (4)	2,604		1,494	
Other expenses (5)	1,793		1,513	
Stock-based compensation	1,842		1,257	
Restructuring costs	394		(351)	
Change in fair value of warrant liabilities (6)	(1,840)		315	
Subtotal before additional adjustments	\$ 5,700	\$	8,581	
Less: Interest expense	3,687		3,257	
Less: Income tax expense	310		117	
Provision for bad debt	532		410	
Lease restructuring charges	(126)		(303)	
Stock-based compensation, net of amounts capitalized	1,842		1,257	
Amortization of debt issuance costs	453		233	
Deferred income tax provision, net	(392)		(1,016)	
Change in fair value of contingent consideration	2,591		382	
Change in fair value of warrant liability	(1,840)		315	
Change in income tax receivable and payable	732		1,133	
Change in accounts receivable	(7,368)		(1,069)	
Change in prepaid expenses and other current assets	1,150		367	
Change in accounts payable and accrued expenses	(1,263)		(5,703)	
Change in other liabilities	38		(24)	
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	\$ (1,948)	\$	1,189	

⁽¹⁾ Pre-acquisition Adjusted EBITDA results from the AAP and Crisp Results, and acquisitions during the three months ended March 31, 2021.

Adjusted Net Income and Adjusted EPS

We use the non-GAAP measures Adjusted Net Income and Adjusted EPS to assess operating performance. Management believes that these measures provide investors with useful information on period-to-period performance as evaluated by management and comparison with our past financial and operating performance. Management also believes these non-GAAP financial measures are useful in evaluating our operating performance compared to that of other companies in our industry, as this metric generally eliminates the effects of certain items that may vary from company to company for reasons unrelated to

⁽²⁾ Costs savings as a result of the Company reorganization initiated in Q2 2020.

⁽³⁾ Cost synergies expected as a result of the full integration of the acquisitions.

⁽⁴⁾ Balance includes business combination transaction fees, acquisition incentive payments, contingent consideration accretion, earnout payments and pre-acquisition expenses.

⁽⁵⁾ Balance includes legal fees associated with acquisitions and other extraordinary matters, costs related to philanthropic initiatives, and private warrant transaction related costs.

⁽⁶⁾ Mark-to-market warrant liability adjustments.

overall operating performance. We define Adjusted Net Income (Loss) as net loss attributable to Digital Media Solutions, Inc. adjusted for (x) costs associated with the change in fair value of warrant liabilities, debt extinguishment, Business Combination, acquisition-related costs, equity based compensation and lease restructuring charges and (y) the reallocation of net income (loss) attributable to non-controlling interests from the assumed acquisition by Digital Media Solutions, Inc. of all units of Digital Media Solutions Holdings, LLC ("DMSH LLC") (other than units held by subsidiaries of Digital Media Solutions, Inc.) for newly-issued shares of Class A Common Stock of Digital Media Solutions, Inc. on a one-to-one basis. We define adjusted pro forma net loss per share as adjusted pro forma net loss divided by the weighted-average shares of Class A Common Stock outstanding, assuming the acquisition by Digital Media Solutions, Inc. of all outstanding DMSH LLC units (other than units held by subsidiaries of Digital Media Solutions, Inc.) for newly-issued shares of Class A Common Stock on a one-to-one-basis.

The following table presents a reconciliation between GAAP Earnings Per Share and Non-GAAP Adjusted Net Income and Adjusted EPS (In thousands, except per share data):

	Three Months Ended March		
	2022		2021
Numerator:			
Net loss	\$ (5,357)	\$	(212)
Net loss attributable to non-controlling interest	 (2,223)		(93)
Net loss attributable to Digital Media Solutions, Inc basic and diluted	\$ (3,134)	\$	(119)
Denominator:			
Weighted average shares - basic and diluted	 35,576		33,241
Net earnings (loss) per common share:			
Basic and diluted	\$ (0.09)	\$	
	Three Months E	Ended N	Iarch 31,
	 2022		2021
Numerator:			
Net loss attributable to Digital Media Solutions, Inc basic and diluted	\$ (3,134)	\$	(119)
Add adjustments:			
Change in fair value of warrant liabilities	(1,840)		315
Acquisition and related costs	2,604		1,494
Restructuring costs	394		(351)
Business combination expenses	_		769
Stock-based compensation expense	 1,842		1,257
	\$ 3,000	\$	3,484
Net income tax expense based on conversion of units	_		144
Adjusted net income (loss) attributable to Digital Media Solutions, Inc basic and diluted	\$ (134)	\$	3,509
Denominator:			
Weighted-average shares outstanding - basic and diluted	35,576		33,241
Weighted-average LLC Units of DMSH, LLC that are convertible into Class A common stock	25,728		26,306
	61,304		59,547
Adjusted EPS - basic and diluted	\$	\$	0.06

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The following table summarizes certain key measures of our liquidity and capital resources (in thousands):

	March 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	\$ Change	% Change
Cash	\$ 21,703	\$ 26,394	\$ (4,691)	(18)%
Availability under revolving credit facility	\$ 50,000	\$ 50,000	\$ _	<u> </u>
Total Debt	\$ 217,533	\$ 217,755	\$ (222)	— %

Our capital sources are focused on investments in our technology solutions, corporate infrastructure and strategic acquisitions to further expand into new business sectors and/or expand sales in existing sectors. We generate sufficient cash flows for working capital and expect to do so for the foreseeable future

Our principal sources of liquidity on a short-term basis are cash and cash equivalents, and cash flows provided by operations. Our primary use of cash is compensation to our employees and payments for general operating expenses and interest expense.

Borrowings under the Revolving Facility bear interest, at our option, at either (i) adjusted LIBOR plus 4.25% or (ii) a base rate (which is equal to the highest of (a) the administrative agent's prime rate, (b) the federal funds rate, as in effect from time to time, plus 0.50%, (c) one-month LIBOR plus 1.00%, and (d) 1.75% (the "Base Rate")), plus 3.25%. The Term Loan bears interest at our option, at either (i) adjusted LIBOR plus 5.00% or (ii) the Base Rate plus 4.00%. Under the Revolving Facility, DMS LLC will pay a 0.50% per annum commitment fee in arrears on the undrawn portion of the revolving commitments. For the three months ended March 31, 2022, the effective interest rate was 6.29%. Since May 25, 2021 our interest rate is based on LIBOR plus 5%.

The Term Loan, which was issued at an original issue discount of 1.80% or \$4.2 million, will be subject to payment of 1.0% of the original aggregate principal amount per annum paid quarterly, with a bullet payment at maturity. The Term Loan will mature, and the revolving credit commitments under the Revolving Facility will terminate, on May 25, 2026, when any outstanding balances will become due.

Cash flows from operating activities

Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities was \$(1.9) million for the three months ended March 31, 2022 as compared to \$1.2 million provided by operating activities in the three months ended March 31, 2021. The decrease is primarily attributable to an increase in accounts receivable due to timing of customer payments, and a slight decrease in accounts payable and current accrued expenses due to timing of vendor payments.

Cash flows from investing activities

Net cash used in investing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2022 decreased by \$5.2 million or 76% to \$1.6 million from \$6.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2021 primarily due to the timing of the acquisition of AAP made during the first quarter of 2021.

Cash flows from financing activities

Net cash used in financing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2022 was \$1.1 million, reflecting a decrease of \$0.7 million or 40%, as compared to \$1.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2021. This decrease was due to higher required repayments of borrowings of long-term debt and notes payable in the prior year under the Monroe Credit Facility and Insurance Premium Financial Service arrangements.

For the three months ended March 31, 2022 and 2021, our Unlevered Free Cash Flow conversion rate was 84.6% and 85.3%, respectively. The slight decrease was due to higher business performance.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

We do not have any outstanding off-balance sheet guarantees, interest rate swap transactions or foreign currency forward contracts. In addition, we do not engage in trading activities involving non-exchange traded contracts. In our ongoing business, we do not enter into transactions involving, or otherwise form relationships with, unconsolidated entities or financial partnerships that are established for the purpose of facilitating off-balance sheet arrangements or other contractually narrow or limited purposes.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

Refer to Item 7: Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operation in our 2021 Form 10-K, for further information on our critical and other significant accounting policies.

RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

Refer to Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies in the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited), included in Item 1: Financial Statements of this Quarterly Report, for a more detailed discussion on recent accounting pronouncements and the related impact on our consolidated financial statements.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

For our disclosures about market risk, please see Part II, Item 7A: Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk in our 2021 Form 10-K.

Interest Rate Risk

As of March 31, 2022, we had total debt outstanding of \$217.5 million (net of \$5.8 million of unamortized discount and debt issuance costs), which was comprised of amounts outstanding under our original Term Loan of \$225 million. Substantially all this debt bears interest at floating rates. Changes in interest rates affect the interest expense we pay on our floating rate debt. A hypothetical 100 basis point increase in interest rates would increase our interest expense by approximately \$2.2 million annually, based on the debt outstanding at March 31, 2022.

Item 4. Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We have established disclosure controls and procedures to ensure that the information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports that it files or submits under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in SEC rules and forms and that such information is accumulated and made known to the officers who certify the Company's financial reports and to other members of senior management and the Board of Directors as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Based on their evaluation as of March 31, 2022, the principal executive officer and principal financial officer of the Company have concluded that during the period covered by this Quarterly Report, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) were not effective because of the material weakness in our internal control over financial reporting described in our 2021 Form 10-K. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of our quarterly interim consolidated financial statements will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis.

Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Under the supervision and with the participation of management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, we conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting based on the framework in Internal Control - Integrated Framework issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission in 2013. Based on our evaluation under the framework in Internal Control - Integrated Framework, management concluded that the Company's internal control over financial reporting was not effective as of December 31, 2021, as a material weakness exists. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over financial reporting, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of our financial statements could occur but will not be prevented or detected on a timely basis.

In this regard, in connection with our implementation of policies and procedures with respect to accounts receivable, including the allowance for doubtful accounts, and associated revenue, we previously discovered a material error in a customer receivable account, related to a duplicate billing of a customer in fiscal years 2020 and 2021. As a result of these matters, we determined that our controls around revenue and accounts receivable policies and procedures were not effective as of December 31, 2021. The errors related to these matters have been corrected and are properly reflected in our consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021 and the quarter ended March 31, 2022.

We continue to analyze our aged receivables and have not identified any additional material errors similar to the items identified above. We are monitoring our processes and controls around evaluating the collectability of customer receivables

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along with assessing the loss rates used to calculate the reserve for potential uncollectible receivables. We believe our ongoing efforts will be sufficient to remediate the identified material weakness.

We will not consider the material weakness remediated until the remedial controls operate for a sufficient period of time and we have concluded, through testing, that these controls are effectively designed and operating effectively. We will continue to assess throughout 2022.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Except as disclosed above, there have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the fiscal quarter ended March 31, 2022, that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

From time to time, we are involved in various disputes and litigation that arise in the ordinary course of business. However, separate from such matters, to the best of our knowledge, there are no material pending or threatened legal proceedings to which we are a party, either individually or in the aggregate.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

The Company's business, results of operations, and financial condition are subject to various risks and uncertainties, including those described in Part I, Item 1A: Risk Factors in our 2021 Form 10-K.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds from Registered Securities

None.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

None.

Item 5. Other Information

None.

Item 6. Exhibits

The following exhibits are filed as part of this report:

Exhibit Number	Description
3.1	Certificate of Incorporation of Digital Media Solutions, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to Digital Media Solutions, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on July 16, 2020).
3.2	Bylaws of Digital Media Solutions, Inc. (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to Digital Media Solutions, Inc.'s Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on July 16, 2020).
31.1*	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2*	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.1*	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.2*	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101.INS*	Inline XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH*†	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema
101.CAL*†	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase
101.DEF*†	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase
101.LAB*†	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase
101.PRE*†	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101)

^{*} Filed herewith

[†] Users of this data are advised pursuant to Rule 406T of Regulation S-T that this interactive data file is deemed not filed or part of a registration statement for purposes of Section 11 or 12 of the Securities Act, is deemed not filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Exchange Act, and otherwise is not subject to liability under these section

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

Date: May 10, 2022

Digital Media Solutions, Inc.

/s/ Joseph Marinucci

Name: Joseph Marinucci

President and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer) Title:

/s/ Vasundara Srenivas

Name: Vasundara Srenivas Title:

Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)